

CLEAN&SEAL®



NON-SURGICAL PERIODONTAL
AND PERI-IMPLANT THERAPY

CAN CURRENT CLINICAL RESULTS BE IMPROVED?

Unresolved problem

Despite careful post-operative oral hygiene protocols, deep periodontal and peri-implant pockets and inflammatory reactions may persist, leading to the resorption of tissues¹ and thus contributing to the risk of bone loss².

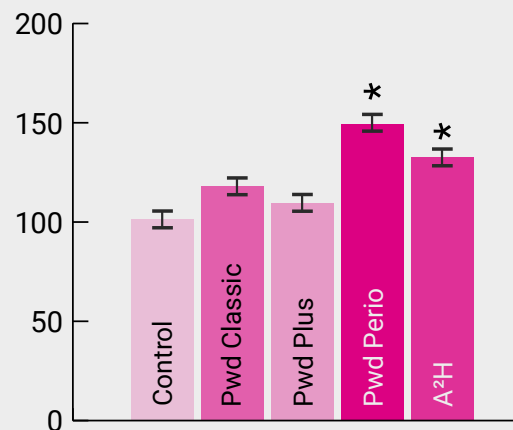
Current established non-surgical subgingival treatments might not show satisfying, long-lasting improvement of clinical parameters. In a recently published clinical study, the successful non-surgical treatment of deep persistent pockets with the **CLEAN&SEAL**[®] concept was presented showing rapid improvement of clinical parameters, so that invasive surgical intervention can be delayed or even completely avoided.^{4,19,22}



CLEAN&SEAL[®] reduces pockets after the first visit

A two step bio-film therapy that facilitates the decontamination of deep and persistent periodontal and peri-implant pockets and it also accelerates pocket healing.^{9-10,14}

Cell adhesion at 8 hrs (% of control values)

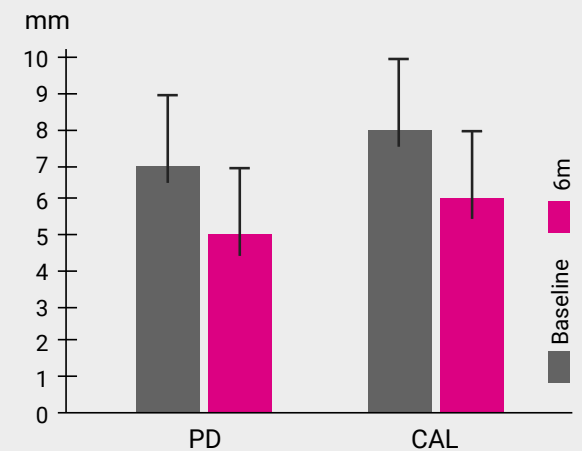


Schmidlin et al 2016

CLEAN

An adjuvant cleaning gel (A²H) which contributes to the removal of the biofilm and dissociates granulation tissues from the healthy ones.

Peri-implant: Improved probing depth and clinical attachment



Diehl et al 2022

SEAL

The crosslinked hyaluronic acid gel (xHyA) which presents a slow resorption pattern, prevents reinfection and speeds up tissue healing.^{7,11,12}

THE **CLEAN&SEAL**[®] CONCEPT

SEAL

- Bacteriostatic properties protect the decontaminated wound for healing^{7,9}
- Speeding-up pocket closure through blood clot stabilization and growth factor attraction²⁰
- Adhesive gel, easy to apply especially in contact with blood
- Enhances soft and hard tissue cell adhesion and regeneration leading to pocket closure (PD) and better clinical attachment (CAL)^{4,9-15,19,21,22}



CLEAN

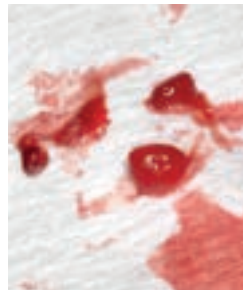
- Facilitates periodontal and peri-implant site decontamination¹⁷
- Breaks the biofilm matrix down and reduces the bacterial load¹¹
- Facilitates the separation of the granulated tissues from healthy tissues¹⁸
- With a 0.5% concentration of sodium hypochlorite, the A²H is gentle to the tissues, tooth- and implant surface and effective against the biofilm¹⁶
- In comparison to chlorhexidine, A²H reduces pocket depth (PD) and increases clinical attachment (CAL) to limit tissue recession¹⁷

PERI-IMPLANT REGENERATION

Clinical case provided by Dr T. Liechti, Switzerland

DIAGNOSE

7 mm deep pocket, BOP+, infected soft-tissues around an implant with pus after removal of the implant-crown.

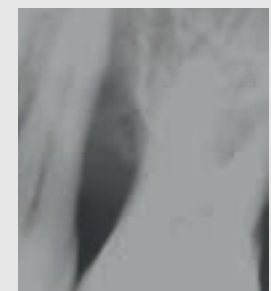
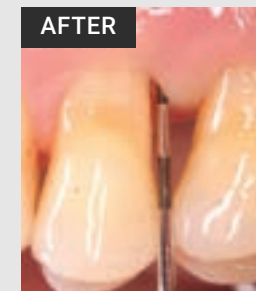
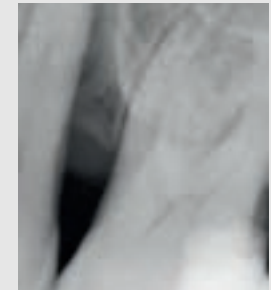
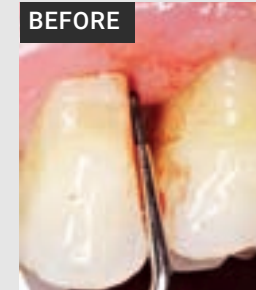


FOLLOW-UP

6 months: Tight tissues, 5 mm pocket depth and with a visible increase in bone around the implant, show that the regeneration of both soft and hard tissues have progressed.

DIAGNOSE

Deep pocket distal to tooth 25 with PD of 8 mm and BOP+. The radiographic findings show the significant bone defect.

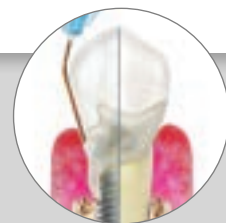


FOLLOW-UP

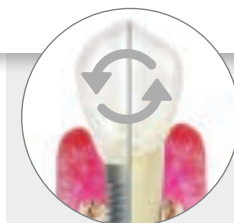
5 months: Significant pocket reduction to 4-5 mm, stable inflammation-free situation (BOP-). The X-ray findings show an incipient bony filling.



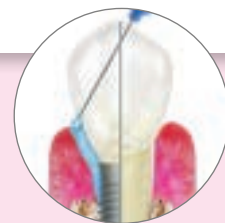
1 DIAGNOSE



2 CLEAN



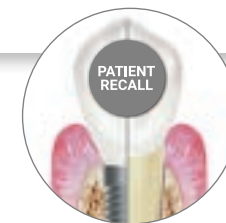
3 REPEAT AT WILL



4 SEAL



5 HEAL



6 TREATMENT & RECALL PLAN

CLINICAL GUIDELINES

In accordance with the guidelines of the European Federation of Periodontology³, the **CLEAN&SEAL®** therapy follows after the patient has been instructed and motivated to maintain oral hygiene.

APPLICATION

Periodontitis or peri-implant infection > 5 mm probing depths associated with bleeding (BOP+).

CLEANING GEL

Mixing the two components results in an opaque, viscous gel of amino acids with 0,5 % sodium hypochlorite (A²H) and an alkaline pH which is gentle to the tissues.

INJECT A²H GEL

Start the mechanical debridement by injecting the cleaning gel into the sulcus. Let the gel act > 60 seconds before cleaning, for an optimum decontamination of the biofilm site and dissociation of granulated tissues.

MECHANICAL CLEANING

After sufficient exposure to the cleaning gel, continue with the cleaning method of choice, such as titanium coated stainless steel micro-currettes, air-polishing or ultrasonic devices.



Do not rinse with CHX-containing products before, during and after treatment. (CHX = chlorhexidine)

REPEAT CLEANING

It is recommended to keep repeating the cleaning step until no debris are visible during the rinsing of the pocket. At this point it is recommended to repeat the cleaning cycle once more.

REMOVAL OF GRANULATION TISSUES

Throughout the cleaning procedure the disassociated granulation tissues can be removed progressively using tweezers.

CROSSLINKED HYALURONIC ACID GEL

The gel consists of native as well as crosslinked hyaluronic acid. It needs to be applied into the pockets at room temperature even in the presence of blood and fluids.

INJECT xHyA GEL

After completion of the non-surgical debridement, the xHyA gel is applied into the site to prevent reinfection through its bacteriostatic property⁷. The hydrophilic property helps stabilize the blood clot.

THE HEALING PROCESS

It is supported by the presence of hyaluronic acid which up-regulates several growth factors¹⁴ and therefore facilitates pocket reduction⁴.

PATIENT MAINTENANCE

Patient should refrain from brushing and eating for at least two hours after the application of the xHyA gel.

- ✓ **CLEAN&SEAL® PROCEDURE**
Apply according to protocol
- ✓ **RE-EVALUATION**
Week 1: Top-up the pocket with xHyA gel
- ✓ **RE-EVALUATION**
Week 3 & 6: Optional healing check
- ✓ **CHECK CLINICAL PARAMETERS**
Week 12: First check PD, CAL and BOP
- ✓ **MAINTENANCE**
Continuous: Maintain regular dental hygiene



CLEAN & SEAL®

LITERATURE

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